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HIZATATE et al. Serial No. 09/890,818

at least one member selected from the electron-accepting compound of the general formula (I),

in which each of R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>9</sup> respectively represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, arbitrary two groups selected from R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>5</sup> may bond to each other to form a ring, arbitrary two groups selected from R<sup>6</sup> to R<sup>9</sup> may bond to each other to form a ring, and R<sup>10</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, and N,N'-bis(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4,4'-biphenyldisulfonamide; and

at least one electron-accepting compound selected from a diphenylmethane derivative, a benzoic acid derivative, a salicylic acid derivative and a urea derivative.

- 50. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 49, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains a phosphoric ester derivative as an additive.
- 51. (New) A heat-sensitive recording material having an undercoat layer containing a pigment and an adhesive as main components and a heat-sensitive recording layer on a substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound



which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, or the heat-sensitive recording material optionally further having at least one protective layer on the heat-sensitive recording layer, wherein said heat-sensitive recording layer contains a benzenesulfonamide derivative of the general formula (I),

in which each of R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>9</sup> respectively represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, arbitrary two groups selected from R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>5</sup> may bond to each other to form a ring, arbitrary two groups selected from R<sup>6</sup> to R<sup>9</sup> may bond to each other to form a ring, and R<sup>10</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms; and

at least one electron-accepting compound selected from a diphenylmethane derivative, a benzonic acid derivative, a salicylic acid derivative, a diphenylsulfone derivative and a urea derivative.

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- 52. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 51, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains a phosphoric ester derivative as an additive.
- 53. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 51, wherein the pigment contained in the undercoat layer is an oil-absorbing pigment which shows an oil absorption of 70 to 800 ml/100 g when measured according to JIS-K-5101 or organic hollow particles.
- 54. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 51, wherein the protective layer contains at least one selected from an acetoacetyl-modified polyvinyl alcohol, a carboxy-modified polyvinyl alcohol, a diacetone-modified polyvinyl alcohol or a silicon-modified polyvinyl alcohol, and a pigment, as main components.
- 55. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 51, wherein the heat-sensitive recording layer, the protective layer or both contain a benzotriazole-containing ultraviolet absorbent.
- 56. (New) A heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heat-sensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein said heat-sensitive recording layer contains two members selected from benzenesulfonamide derivatives of the general formula (II),

$$(A^{11})m \quad A^{13} \qquad (A^{12})n$$

$$|A^{11}|m \quad A^{13} \qquad (A^{12})n$$

$$|A^{11}|m \quad A^{13} \qquad (A^{12})n$$

$$|A^{11}|m \quad A^{13} \qquad (A^{12})n$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2, and mixing weight ratio of two members of the benzenesulfonamide derivatives is from 1:9 to 9:1.

- 57. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 56, wherein the heat-sensitive recording layer contains a mixture prepared by mixing two members selected from benzenesulfonamide derivatives of the general formula (II) on a molecular level.
- 58. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 56, wherein the benzenesulfonamide derivatives are a combination of N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide and N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide.
- 59. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 56, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains a phosphoric ester derivative as an additive.
- 60. (New) A heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heat-sensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein said



heat-sensitive recording layer contains a benzenesulfonamide derivative and a diphenylsulfonamide derivative,

said diphenylsulfone derivative is a compound of the general formula (III),

$$(R^{14})p \qquad (R^{15})q \qquad (R^{16})r \qquad (R^{17})s \qquad (R^{18})t \qquad (R^{19})u \qquad (R^{$$

wherein X and Y may be the same or different, each represents a linear or branched divalent hydrocarbon group which has 1 to 12 carbon atoms and may have a saturated or unsaturated ether bond, or a group represented by

in which R<sup>20</sup> is a methylene group or an ethylene group and T is a hydrogen or an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, each of R<sup>14</sup> to R<sup>19</sup> independently represents a halogen atom, an alkyl group or an alkenyl group, each of p, q, r, s, t and u is an integer of 0 to 4, respectively, provided that when they are 2 or more, those represented by any one of R<sup>14</sup> to R<sup>19</sup> may be the same or different, respectively, and a represents an integer of 1 to 10, or a compound of the general formula (IV),

$$(HO) \qquad (R^{21})b \qquad (R^{22})c \qquad (IV)$$

wherein each of  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{22}$  independently represents a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkyl group,

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an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an alkoxyl group or a phenylsulfonyl group, b represents an integer of 0 to 4 and c represents an integer of 0 to 5,

said the benzenesulfonamide derivative is a compound of the general formula (II-a),

$$(R^{11})m \qquad (R^{12})n$$

$$= | =$$

$$NHSO_2 \qquad (I I- a)$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2.

- 61. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 60, wherein the benzenesulfonamide derivative and the diphenylsulfone derivative are contained in a weight ratio of from 9:1 to 3:7.
- 62. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 60, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains, as an additive, a hydroxybenzoic acid derivative of the general formula (V),

wherein Z is an oxygen atom or -NH group, R<sup>23</sup> is an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, aralkyl group or an aryl group, and d represents an integer of 1 to 4.

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63. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 60, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains a phosphoric ester derivative as an additive.

64. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heat-sensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein the heat-sensitive recording layer contains at least one member selected from benzenesulfonamide derivatives of the general formula (II),

$$(OH)k \xrightarrow{(R^{11})m} R^{13} \xrightarrow{(R^{12})n} (III$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2, and also contains at least one member selected from diphenylsulfone derivatives of the general formula (VI),

wherein R24 is a group



in which A represents  $-(CH_2)_h$ -,  $-O(CH_2)_i$ - or

-O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>j</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-, each of R<sup>27</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> respectively represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, each of h and i represents an integer of 0 to 5, and each of j and v. represents an integer of 1 to 5, each of R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>26</sup> respectively represents a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a benzyloxy group which may have a substituent, e represents an integer of 0 or 1, f represents an integer of 0 to 5 and g represents an integer of 0 to 4.

65. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 64, wherein the benzenesulfonamide derivative(s) is/are N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide and/or N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide.

66. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 64, wherein the diphenylsulfone derivative is 4-benzyloxy-4'-(2-methylglycidyloxy)diphenylsulfone.

67. A heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heat-sensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein said heat-sensitive



recording layer contains at least one member selected from the benzenesulfonamide derivatives of the general formula (II),

$$(P^{11})_{m} \qquad P^{13} \qquad (P^{12})_{n} \qquad (P^{13})_{n} \qquad (P^{13})_{$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2, and also contains an ultraviolet absorbent.

- 68. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 67, wherein the ultraviolet absorbent is a benzotriazole derivative.
- 69. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 67, wherein the ultraviolet absorbent is a dimer of a benzotriazole derivative of the general formula (VII),

wherein R<sup>29</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxyl group, an aryl group or an aryloxy group, R<sup>30</sup> is an alkyl group having 1 to 18 carbon atoms, and D is an alkylidene group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms.



70. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 67, wherein the benzenesulfonamide derivative is N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide or N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide.

71. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 67, wherein the heat-sensitive recording layer contains a compound of the general formula (VIII),

$$R^{32}$$
  $(VIII)$ 

wherein each of R<sup>31</sup> and R<sup>32</sup> respectively represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aralkyl group or an aryl group, respectively, R<sup>33</sup> represents an alkyl group, an alkoxyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group or an aryl group, and w represents an integer of 0 to 5.

72. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 67, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains a phosphoric ester derivative as an additive.

73. (New) A heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heat-sensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein said heat-sensitive recording layer contains at least one member selected from the benzenesulfonamide derivatives of the general formula (II),

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$$(OH)K$$

$$(R^{11})m \quad R^{13}$$

$$(R^{12})n \quad (II)$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms,

n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2, and contains an aromatic isocyanate compound.

- 74. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 73, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains an imino compound.
- 75. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 73, wherein the heat-sensitive recording layer contains at least two benzenesulfonamide derivatives of the general formula (II).
- 76. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 73, wherein N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide is contained or N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide and N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide are contained as benzenesulfonamide derivatives.
- 77. (New) A heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heat-sensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor



under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein said substrate contains a recycled paper pulp, and a benzenesulfonamide derivative of the general formula (II),

$$(A^{11})m \quad A^{13} \qquad (A^{12})n$$

$$|A^{11}|m \quad A^{13} \qquad (A^{12})n$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms. n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2, is used as the electron-accepting compound.

- 78. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 77, wherein at least two benzenesulfonamide derivatives are used in combination.
- 79. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 78, wherein the benzenesulfonamide derivative(s) is/are N-(4-hydroxyphenyi)-p-toluenesulfonamide or a combination of N-(4-hydroxyphenyi)-p-toluenesulfonamide and N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-p-toluenesulfonamide.
- 80. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 77, wherein the heatsensitive recording layer contains a phosphoric ester derivative as an additive.
- 81. (New) A heat-sensitive recording material having a substrate and a heatsensitive recording layer formed on the substrate, the heat-sensitive recording layer containing an electron-donating normally colorless or slightly colored dye precursor and



an electron-accepting compound which reacts with the electron-donating dye precursor under heat to cause said electron-donating dye precursor to form a color, wherein said substrate contains a non-wood pulp and at least one selected from a benzenesulfonamide derivative, a diphenylsulfonamide derivative, an benzoic acid derivative or a diphenylmethane derivative is used as the electron-accepting compound.

- 82. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 81, wherein the substrate has a non-wood pulp content of at least 10 % by weight.
- 83. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 81, wherein the benzenesulfonamide derivative is a compound of the general formula (II),

$$(R^{11})m \quad R^{13} \quad (R^{12})n$$

$$| = | = | = |$$

$$(OH)k \quad (II)$$

wherein each of R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 10 carbon atoms or an aryl group having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, n represents an integer of 0 to 5, m represents an integer of 0 to 4 and k represents 1 or 2.

84. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 81, wherein the diphenylsulfone derivative is a compound of the general formula (IX),

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wherein each of R<sup>34</sup> and R<sup>35</sup> respectively represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an alkenyloxy group, an aralkyloxy group or an aryloxy group, x represents an integer of 1 to 3, and y represents an integer of 0 to 2.

85. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 81, wherein the benzoic acid derivative is a compound of the general formula (V),

wherein Z is an oxygen atom or -NH group,  $R^{23}$  is an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, aralkyl group or an aryl group, and d represents an integer of 1 to 4.

86. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 81, wherein the diphenylmethane derivative is a compound of the general formula (X),

$$R^{36}$$
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 

wherein each R<sup>36</sup> to R<sup>39</sup> respectively represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an alkenyloxy group, an aryloxy group or an alkoxycrbonylalkyl group, R<sup>37</sup> and R<sup>38</sup> may bond to each other to form a ring, x represents an integer of 1 to 3, and y represents an integer of 0 to 2.

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87. (New) The heat-sensitive recording material of claim 81, wherein the dye precursor is a xanthene compound of the general formula (XI),

wherein each of R<sup>40</sup> and R<sup>41</sup> respectively represents an alkyl group, an aryl group or aralkyl group and may bond to each other to form a ring, R<sup>42</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or an alkyl group, and R<sup>43</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group or a halogenated alkyl group.